

202 Day Revalor[®]-XS vs. Revalor[®]-IS re-implanted with Revalor[®]-S

Trial protocol consisted of:

- Study conducted in Colorado
- 1,033 head of cattle; 14 pens of approximately 74 head per pen
- Revalor-IS and Revalor-XS given on day 1 of trial
- Revalor-S re-implanted on day 96
- Revalor-XS cattle were not removed from their pens on day 96
- No vaccine boosters were given

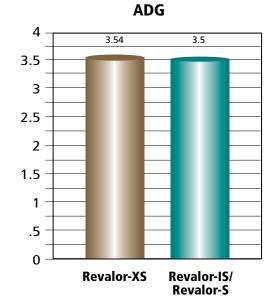
Table 1. Performance of steers implanted with Revalor-IS on day 1 followed by Revalor-S on day 96 compared to steers implanted with Revalor-XS.

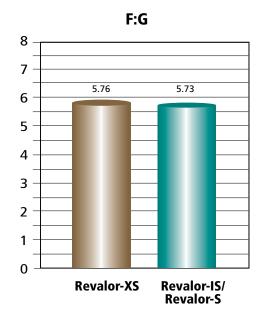
	Revalor-XS	Revalor-IS/ Revalor-S	SEM	P -Value			
Pens	7	7					
Steers	517	516					
Days on feed	202	202					
Initial BW, lb	704	705	11	.74			
Live basis							
Final BW, lb ^a	1,419	1,412	15	.52			
DMI, lb/d	20.36 ^b	20.02 ^c	.28	.08			
ADG, lb/d	3.54	3.50	.06	.48			
F:G	5.76	5.73	.08	.73			
Carcass basis							
Final BW, Ib ^d	1,424 ^b	1,407 ^c	11	.09			
ADG, lb/d	3.56	3.46	.05	.14			
F:G	5.72	5.78	.08	.42			

^aA 4% pencil shrink was applied to full weight.

^{b,c} Treatments means are significantly different (P<0.10).

^dFinal adjusted shrunk weight was calculated as pen hot carcass weight ÷ (overall dressing percent ÷100).





Data displayed on carcass adjusted basis.

202 Day Revalor®-XS vs. Revalor®-IS re-implanted with Revalor®-S

	Revalor-XS	Revalor-IS/ Revalor-S	SEM	P -value
Pens	7	7		
Steers	517	516		
Hot carcass weight, lb	921b	910c	7	.09
Dressing percentage	64.89	64.44	.40	.33
Ribeye area, sq in ^a	14.3	14.3	.20	.75
Ribeye area/cwt HCW ^a	1.56	1.59	.02	.28
Marbling score ^{a,b}	442	441	1.5	.32
Rib fat, in ^a	.59	.56	.03	.17
Average YG ^a	3.59	3.44	.21	.22
	USDA Quality Gra	de, as percentage	e of total	
Prime	1.7	.7	-	.20
Choice	64.5	62.8	-	.62
Select	31.9	34.3	-	.44
Standard	1.9	1.8	-	.82
	USDA Yield Grad	e, as percentage	of total	
YG 1	6.7	8.2	-	.47
YG 2	27.8	29.7	-	.71
YG 3	44.2	46.5	-	.36
YG 4 and 5	21.3 ^c	15.6 ^d	-	.05

Table 2. Carcass characteristics of steers implanted with Revalor-IS on day 1 followedby Revalor-S on day 96 compared to steers implanted with Revalor-XS.

^a Carcass data represented 4 of the 7 replications only 2 of the 7 possessed physical measured data, 4

of the 7 had camera-derived data.

 b Slight = 300 to 399, Small = 400 to 499, etc.

^{c,d} Treatments means are significantly different (P<0.10).

Summary

Revalor-XS steers had greater dry matter intake (P=0.08) and carcass adjusted final weight (P=0.09), but other measures of growth performance did not differ. Steers implanted with Revalor-XS had heavier (P=0.09) carcasses (11 lb). Steers implanted with Revalor-XS had a greater (P=0.05) number of Yield Grade 4 and 5 carcasses, but other carcass traits did not differ.

Conclusion

Revalor-XS had greater dry matter intake, final carcass adjusted live weight, carcass weight and greater number of USDA Yield Grade 4 and 5 carcasses when compared to a traditional implant/re-implant program of Revalor-IS/Revalor-S in steers fed for 202 days.

Not for use in veal calves.

56 Livingston Avenue • Roseland, NJ 07068 • intervetusa.com • 800-521-5767 • 2/10 Part #BV-REV-37808-202d

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